

Write the equation of the hyperbola in standard form and then graph.

1. $-2x^2 + 5y^2 + 24x - 20y - 102 = 0$
 $5(y^2 - 4y + 4) - 2(x^2 - 12x + 36) = 102 + 20 - 20$
 $5(y-2)^2 - 2(x-6)^2 = 50$

center: $(6, 2)$
 Equation: $\frac{(y-2)^2}{10} - \frac{(x-6)^2}{25} = 1$

Vertices: $(6, 2 \pm \sqrt{10})$
 $\sqrt{10} \approx 3.2$
 $c = \sqrt{10+25} = \sqrt{35}$

Foci: $(6, 2 \pm \sqrt{35})$

Asymptotes: $y - 2 = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}(x - 6)$

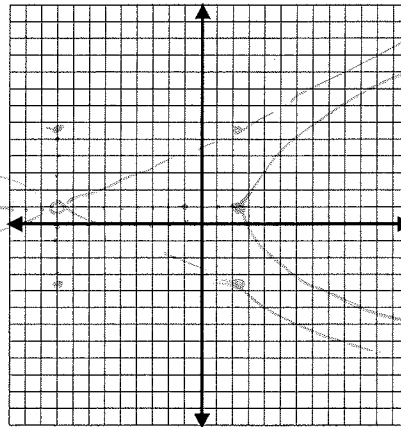
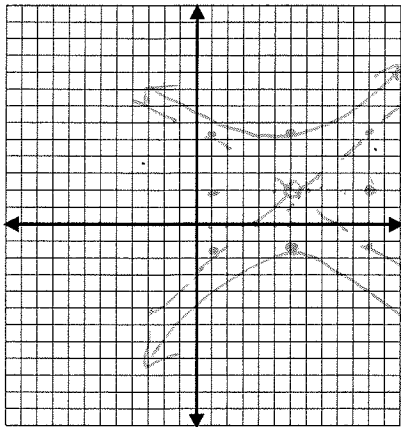
2. $4x^2 - 25y^2 + 72x + 50y + 199 = 0$
 $4(x^2 + 18x + 81) - 25(y^2 - 2y + 1) = 199 + 72 - 25$
 $4(x+9)^2 - 25(y-1)^2 = 500$
 $\frac{(x+9)^2}{125} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{20} = 1$

center: $(-9, 1)$
 Equation: $\frac{(x+9)^2}{125} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{20} = 1$

Vertices: $(-9 \pm 5\sqrt{5}, 1)$
 $\sqrt{25} = 5$
 $\sqrt{125} \approx 11.2$

Foci: $(-9 \pm \sqrt{145}, 1)$
 $\sqrt{125+20} = \sqrt{145}$
 $\sqrt{20} \approx 4.5$

Asymptotes: $y - 1 = \pm \frac{2}{5}(x + 9)$
 $\frac{\sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{125}} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5\sqrt{5}}$

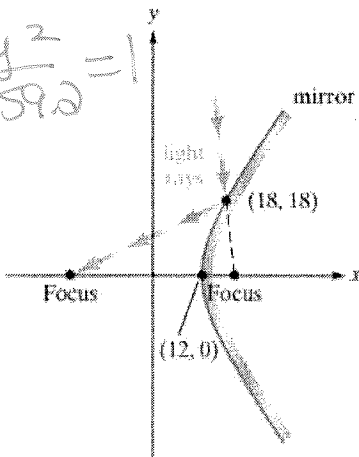


Write the equation of the hyperbola described:

3. Foci $(2, 0), (-2, 0)$
 Vertices: $(1, 0), (-1, 0)$
 $c = 2, a = 1$
 $c^2 - a^2 = b^2$
 $4 - 1 = 3$
 $b^2 = 3$
 Equation: $\frac{x^2}{1} - \frac{y^2}{3} = 1$

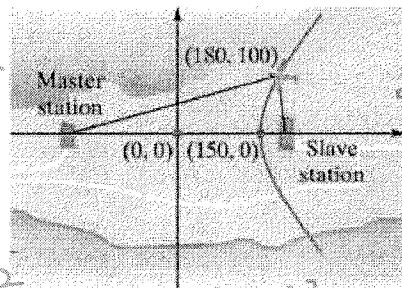
4. Foci $(0, 5), (0, -5)$
 Vertices: $(0, 3), (0, -3)$
 $c = 5, a = 3$
 $c^2 - a^2 = b^2$
 $25 - 9 = 16$
 $b^2 = 16$
 Equation: $\frac{y^2}{9} - \frac{x^2}{16} = 1$

1. In the figure, a hyperbolic mirror is depicted. Write an equation that models the hyperbolic mirror's surface.



$a = 12$
 $\frac{x^2}{144} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$
 $\frac{18^2}{144} - \frac{18^2}{b^2} = 1$
 $\frac{18^2}{144} - 1 = \frac{18^2}{b^2}$
 $1.25 = \frac{18^2}{b^2}$
 $b^2 = \frac{18^2}{1.25}$

2. Write an equation that models the hyperbola depicted for an aircraft guided by a navigation system that employs hyperbolic tracking.



$\frac{x^2}{22500} - \frac{y^2}{2212500} = 1$
 $\frac{(180)^2}{150^2} - \frac{(100)^2}{b^2} = 1$
 $\frac{180^2}{150^2} - 1 = \frac{(100)^2}{b^2}$
 $100^2 / 144 = b^2$